PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

14

23058 PC 1 FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmissed international Prodrimary Examinary Comminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) International application No. International filling date (day/month/year) 19/04/2000 Profry date (day/month/year) 23/04/1999 Profry date (day/month/year) 23/04/1999 Profry date (day/month/year) 23/04/1999 Applicant Applicant International Pretent Classification (IPC) occretional describing and HPC C12N15/24 Applicant This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this international Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items: Basis of the report Priority Priority Priority Priority	Applican	nt's or agent's file reference		<u> </u>
PCT/DK00/00205 International Patent Classification (IPC) or netional obsertication and 4PC C12N15/24 Applicant M&E BIOTECH A/S et al. 1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet. In This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:	23058	PC 1	FOR FURTHER ACTION Se	ee Notification of Transmittal of International eliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International Patent Classification (IPC) or nestional classification-and IPC			International filing date (day/month/year	
Applicant M&E BIOTECH A/S et al. 1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 38. 2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet. ② This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.1 & and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:			l l	
Applicant M&E BIOTECH A/S et al. 1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet. Solution of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items: Solution of the description of the definition of the priority Contain documents cited	C12N1	onal Patent Classification (IPC) or 5/24	national classification and IPC	
M&E BIOTECH A/S et al. 1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet. 2. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:	012.111	<i>5</i> /27		
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2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:	M&E BI	OTECH A/S et al.		
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.18 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:	1. This and	international prellminary exar is transmitted to the applicant	nination report has been prepared by the according to Article 36.	nis International Preliminary Examining Authority
(see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items: Basis of the report Priority Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Lack of unity of invention Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability: citations and explanations suporting such statement Certain documents cited VII Certain defects in the international application Certain observations on the international application Date of completion of this report 24.08.2001 Jame and mailing address of the international reliminary examining authority: Authorized officer Certain document Certain observations Certain observations Certain Certain observations C	2. This	REPORT consists of a total of	7 sheets, including this cover sheet.	
These annexes consist of a total of 9 sheets. 3. This report contains indications relating to the following items: Basis of the report Priority Priority Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Lack of unity of invention V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability: citations and explanations suporting such statement VI Certain documents cited VII Certain defects in the international application VIII Certain observations on the international application Date of completion of this report	⊠ - t	This report is also accompanie been amended and are the ba (see Rule 70.16 and Section 6	ed by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the desc sis for this report and/or sheets contain 07 of the Administrative Instructions un	cription, claims and/or drawings which have ning rectifications made before this Authority nder the PCT)
3. This report contains indications relating to the following items: Basis of the report Priority	1			
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Basis of the report Priority	o Y L:-			
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Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations suporting such statement VI Certain documents cited VII Certain defects in the international application VIII Certain observations on the international application Date of completion of this report 22/08/2000 24.08.2001 Authorized officer European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tell. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	и	☐ Priority		
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VIII Certain defects in the international application Certain observations on the international application Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report 22/08/2000 24.08.2001 Jame and mailing address of the international reliminary examining authority: European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2389 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	VI	_	I B again official fill	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
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Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report 22/08/2000 24.08.2001 Authorized officer European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	VIII	○ Certain observations on	the international application	İ
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22/08/2000 Alame and mailing address of the international reliminary examining authority: European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Date of subm	nission of the demand	Date of completion	on of this report
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European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465 Grosskopf, R	Name and m	ailing address of the international	Authorized officer	
D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465 Grosskopf, R				SO ISSUES PROSPING
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	<i>9</i>))	D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 e	Grosskopf, R	
		Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Telephone No. +4	9 89 2399 8714

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 1994)







INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/DK00/00205

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1	a	id ignoraling Olling Ill	ments of the international appli response to an invitation under to this report since they do not o	TARINIA 11 APR	s rofowaal sa in skin	
	1-	97	as originally filed			
_	C	laims, No.:				
	1-	68	as received on	27/04/2001	with letter of	27/04/2001
	Dr	rawings, sheets:				
	1/7	7-7/7	as originally filed			
	Se	quence listing part	of the description, pages:			
	1-5	51, as originally filed				
2.	Wit	th rega rd to the lang guage in which the i	uage, all the elements marked nternational application was file	above were av	vailable or furnished to rwise indicated under	this Authority in the this item.
	The	ese elements were a	vailable or furnished to this Aut	hority in the fo	llowing language: , v	which is:
		the language of pu	ranslation fumished for the purp blication of the international app ranslation fumished for the purp	lication (unde	r Rule 48.3(b)).	
3.	Wit	h regard to any nucl mational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence of control	uence disclos	ed in the international the sequence listing:	application, the
	×	contained in the inte	emational application in written	fo r m		
	X		he international application in co		ble form	
			ently to this Authority in written for		ere form.	
			ently to this Authority in compute		m	
		The statement that	the subsequently furnished writ plication as filed has been furnis	ten sequence		yond the disclosure in

☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

listing has been furnished.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/DK00/00205

	Į	the description,	pages:
	(☐ the claims,	Nos.:
		☐ the drawings,	sheets:
;	5. [n established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been yound the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):
		- report.)	neet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this
		dditional observations, i	f necessary:
II.	1. No	on-establishment of o	pinion with regard to novelty, Inventive step and industrial applicability
1	ob	vious), or to be industria	e claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- ally applicable have not been examined in respect of:
		the entire internationa	l application.
	×	claims Nos. 1-32,53-5	6, 60-68.
be	ecau	se:	
	Ø	the said international applicability) relate to examination (specify): see separate sheet	application, or the said claims Nos. 1-32,53-56, 60-68 (with regard to industrial the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary
		the description, claims that no meaningful opin	or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear nion could be formed (specify):
	Ø	the claims, or said clair meaningful opinion cou	ns Nos. 33-52, 57,58,65-68 are so inadequately supported by the description that no
			report has been established for the said claims Nos
2. 1	A me and/ Instri	eaningful international p or amino acid sequence uctions:	reliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative
] 1] 1	the written form has not the computer readable f	been furnished or does not comply with the standard. orm has not been fumished or does not comply with the standard.

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/DK00/00205

citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1-32, 53-56,59-64

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes:

Claims 1-32, 53-56,59-64

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 59

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made: see separate sheet

Ad item III, V and VIII:

The present application is based on the concept to introduce into an animal a modified IL5 molecule said molecule being modified in a manner which induces the production of antibodies against the (mature) IL5 in said animal thereby achieving a down-regulation of IL5 activity.

This concept is not disclosed in the prior art.

According to the Applicant the concept alone constitutes the invention whereas, as should be demonstrated by the additionally submitted literature, the means for carrying out said invention may be obtained by routine or standard procedures

Nevertheless, as far as all claims are concerned the (or an) essential feature is of course the modified IL5 which must not only be capable of inducing the production of antibodies but additionally in order to solve the underlying technical problem should down-regulate the interleukin 5 (IL5) activity.

With respect to the (independent) product claims this essential feature does not even form part of the claim.

The same applies for the composition claims which, moreover, do not comprise the "limiting" technical features of the product claim.

Thus, these claims (and consequently all other product claims) lack the essential feature and, in view of Applicant's submissions are not even longer characterised by the desired result to be achieved.

Thus, in the context of the alleged invention the relevance of these claims is unclear (this applies for Claims 33 and 34 but also for Claims 35 to 52 and 57 to 59 which relate thereto).

In addition, even the new features introduced into the product claim still render the determination of the scope of the claims difficult or impossible (which IL5 should be used as a reference to produce a "derivative" and which animal should be used? Which of the several "proposals" mentioned in the claims should a skilled person follow in order to prepare an "analogue"?).

Thus, an examination of accordingly characterised products is still impossible,



especially when considered in the light of the following observations which are also of relevance for the method claims.

Thus, even if it is accepted that the alleged invention is based on an "idea", it has to be notified that the claims are drafted much too broad.

Thus, with respect to all possible analogues which are proposed in the dependent method claims, a skilled person has no guidance which of said possibilities he or she should preferably follow. The analogues which actually have been prepared do not reflect in any reasonable manner the scope of the claims.

Moreover, when taking into account of the contents of the description, it is clear that even within the small number of IL5 analogues which have been prepared those which are in the position to induce antibodies do not necessarily down-regulate IL5 activity (see page 94), i.e. they are not suitable for the desired purpose.

In fact from the myriad of possible "potential" analogues the desired purpose seems to have been demonstrated only by one specific analogue.

Also the additionally submitted documents are not necessarily suitable to overcome these objections.

In fact, if it is or were that simple to produce analogues which induce autoimmunisation why then in the application can only be found one mutant which allegedly is capable of down-regulating IL5 activity?

This Authority is further not in the position to ignore several statements in the application itself which seem to support the view that the breadth of the claims is unjustified when considering the limited number of successful experiments.

In this context we only would like to refer to some passages e.g. page 91 ("this result is not a firm confirmation that the antisera cross-reacts..." let alone down-regulate IL5!) or page 92 lines 13 to 17 and especially page 94 lines 13 to 15.

All of these (and not only these) passages seem to confirm that the alleged "conceptual" invention is not sufficiently supported by convincing experimental evidence and, consequently, the scope of the claims (especially but not exclusively the product claims) is much too broad.

For the assessment of the present claims 1-32, 53-56 an 60-68 on the question





International application No. PCT/DK00/00205

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new-medical treatment.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU				
PCT	То:			
NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING OF A CHANGE (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and Administrative Instructions, Section 422) Date of mailing (day/month/year)	PLOUGMANN, VINGTOFT & PARTNERS A/S Sankt Annæ Plads 11 Post Office Box 3007 DK-1021 Copenhagen K DANEMARK			
29 January 2002 (29.01.02)				
Applicant's or agent's file reference 23058 PC 1	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION			
International application No. PCT/DK00/00205	International filing date (day/month/year) 19 April 2000 (19.04.00)			
1. The following indications appeared on record concerning: the applicant the inventor	the agent the common representative			
Name and Address PLOUGMANN, VINGTOFT & PARTNERS A/S	State of Nationality State of Residence			
Sankt Annæ Plads 11 P.O. Box 3007 DK-1021 Copenhagen K	Telephone No. +45 33 63 93 00			
Denmark	Facsimile No. +45 33 63 96 00			
	Teleprinter No.			
The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the the person X the name the add				
Name and Address PLOUGMANN & VINGTOFT A/S	State of Nationality State of Residence			
Sankt Annæ Plads 11 P.O. Box 3007 DK-1021 Copenhagen K	Telephone No. +45 33 63 93 00			
Denmark	Facsimile No. +45 33 63 96 00			
	Teleprinter No.			
3. Further observations, if necessary:				
4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:				
X the receiving Office the International Searching Authority	the designated Offices concerned X the elected Offices concerned			
the International Preliminary Examining Authority	other:			
	Authorized officer			
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Jaime LEITAO			
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38			

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU **PCT** To: NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING PLOUGMANN, VINGTOFT & PARTNERS A/S OF A CHANGE Sankt Annæ Plads 11 Post Office Box 3007 (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and DK-1021 Copenhagen K Administrative Instructions, Section 422) **DANEMARK** Date of mailing (day/month/year) 09 October 2001 (09.10.01) Applicant's or agent's file reference IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION 23058 PC 1 International filing date (day/month/year) International application No. 19 April 2000 (19.04.00) PCT/DK00/00205 1. The following indications appeared on record concerning: the agent the common representative the inventor the applicant State of Residence State of Nationality Name and Address DK DK M & E BIOTECH A/S Kogle Allé 6 DK-2970 Hørsholm Telephone No. +45 45162525 Denmark Facsimile No. +45 45162500 Teleprinter No. 2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the following change has been recorded concerning: the residence the name the address the nationality the person State of Residence State of Nationality Name and Address DK DK PHARMEXA A/S Kogle Allé 6 Telephone No. DK-2970 Hørsholm +45 45162525 Denmark Facsimile No. +45 45162500 Teleprinter No. 3. Further observations, if necessary: 4. A copy of this notification has been sent to: the designated Offices concerned the receiving Office the elected Offices concerned the International Searching Authority the International Preliminary Examining Authority other: Authorized officer The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes Céline Faust

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24

Arlington, VA 22202 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

in its capacity as elected Office

29 January 2001 (29.01.01)
International application No.	_
PCT/DE00/01416	

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

International filing date (day/month/year)
02 May 2000 (02.05.00)

Applicant's or agent's file reference PCT/Brand

Priority date (day/month/year) 30 April 1999 (30.04.99)

Applicant

BRAND, Karsten et al

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:	DEODU
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:	RECEIVED
	29 November 2000 (29.11.00)	JUL 3 1 2003
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:	TECH CENTER 1600/2900
2.	The election X was	
	was not	
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 appl Rule 32.2(b).	ies, within the time limit under

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

R. Forax

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU	INTERNATIONAL	BUREAU
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PCT	То:
NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION (PCT Rule 61.2)	Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office Box PCT Washington, D.C.20231 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE
Date of mailing: 02 November 2000 (02.11.00)	in its capacity as elected Office
International application No.: PCT/DK00/00205	Applicant's or agent's file reference: 23058 PC 1
International filing date: 19 April 2000 (19.04.00)	Priority date: 23 April 1999 (23.04.99)
Applicant: KLYSNER, Steen	
1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made in the demand filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminar 22 August 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effection filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice effection filed with the International preliminary 200 in a notice	national Bureau on:
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer:

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference		of Transmittal of International Search Report 220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
23058 PC 1 International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
PCT/DK 00/00205	19/04/2000	23/04/1999
Applicant		
M&E BIOTECH A/S et al.		
This International Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being to	en prepared by this International Searching Autransmitted to the International Bureau.	thority and is transmitted to the applicant
This International Search Report consists	s of a total of 5 sheets.	
	y a copy of each prior art document cited in this	s report.
Basis of the report		
a. With regard to the language , the language in which it was filed, ur	e international search was carried out on the banters otherwise indicated under this item.	asis of the international application in the
the international search Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	was carried out on the basis of a translation of	the international application furnished to this
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	nd/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the i	nternational application, the international search
	ie sequence listing . ional application in written form.	
1 -	ernational application in computer readable for	rm.
	o this Authority in written form.	
I	o this Authority in computer readble form.	
the statement that the su	ubsequently furnished written sequence listing as filed has been furnished.	does not go beyond the disclosure in the
the statement that the in		is identical to the written sequence listing has been
furnished		
2. X Certain claims were fo	und unsearchable (See Box I).	
3. Unity of invention is la		
4. With regard to the title ,		
X the text is approved as s	submitted by the applicant.	
the text has been estable	ished by this Authority to read as follows:	
5. With regard to the abstract,	the collection of the collecti	
the text has been estable	submitted by the applicant. ished, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Autho ne date of mailing of this international search re	rity as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, eport, submit comments to this Authority.
,	blished with the abstract is Figure No.	4
as suggested by the app		None of the figures.
because the applicant fa	ailed to suggest a figure.	-
because this figure bette	er characterizes the invention.	

XXTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Loter Del Application No.

PCT/DK 00/00205

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C12N15/24 A61K39/00

C12N15/24 A61K39/00 A61K48/00 C07K14/54 C12N15/70 C12N15/86 A61K39/385 A61K39/39 C12N1/21 C12N1/19 G01N33/68 A61P37/00 A61K31/70 C12N5/10 //A61K39/08

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) $IPC \ 7 \ C07K \ C12N$

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPI Data, PAJ, EPO-Internal, STRAND

	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, or the relevant passages	
γ	WO 97 45448 A (BRESAGEN LTD.)	1-7,
ī	4 December 1997 (1997-12-04)	9-12,14,
	cited in the application	15,17,
	Cited in the approaction	18,
		21-25,
		32-37,
		61,62,
		65-68
	page 15, line 5 -page 16, line 2	
	claims	
	-/	
		}

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.
Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance.	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the
O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	document is combined with one or more other such docu- ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
22 June 2000	29/06/2000
Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Nooij, F

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the whole document	
WO 98 17799 A (THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA ET AL.) 30 April 1998 (1998-04-30) claims	27-31, 38-59
WO 97 00321 A (COMMONWEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION) 3 January 1997 (1997-01-03) examples claims	1-68
WO 98 47923 A (TANOX BIOSYSTEMS INC.) 29 October 1998 (1998-10-29) examples claims	1-68
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WO 95 26365 A (UNITED BIOMEDICAL INC.) 5 October 1995 (1995-10-05) examples claims	1-53
K. TAKATSU: "Interleukin 5 and B cell differentiation." CYTOKINE AND GROWTH FACTOR REVIEWS, vol. 9, no. 1, March 1998 (1998-03), pages 25-35, XP002119733 the whole document	1-68
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	the whole document WO 98 17799 A (THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA ET AL.) 30 April 1998 (1998-04-30) claims WO 97 00321 A (COMMONWEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION) 3 January 1997 (1997-01-03) examples claims WO 98 47923 A (TANOX BIOSYSTEMS INC.) 29 October 1998 (1998-10-29) examples claims WO 98 47923 A (TANOX BIOSYSTEMS INC.) 29 October 1998 (1998-10-29) examples claims WO 95 31480 A (S.P.I. SYNTHETIC PEPTIDES INC.) 23 November 1995 (1995-11-23) claims WO 95 26365 A (UNITED BIOMEDICAL INC.) 5 October 1995 (1995-10-05) examples claims K. TAKATSU: "Interleukin 5 and B cell differentiation." CYTOKINE AND GROWTH FACTOR REVIEWS, vol. 9, no. 1, March 1998 (1998-03), pages 25-35, XP002119733 the whole document J. WELTMAN ET AL.: "Interleukin-5: a proeosinophil cytokine mediator of inflammation in asthma and a target for antisense therapy." ALLERGY AND ASTHMA PROCEEDINGS, vol. 19, no. 5, September 1998 (1998-09), pages 257-261, XP002119734 Province, RI, USA



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				JP	9510975 T	04-11-1997		

To:

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NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference

23058 PC 1

International filing date (day/month/year)

19/04/2000

Priority date (day/month/year)

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

23/04/1999

Applicant

M&E BIOTECH A/S et al.

international application No.

PCT/DK00/00205

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this international Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the international Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

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Authorized officer

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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Applicant's or agent's file reference			FOR FURTHER ACT		ation of Transmittal of international resumination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
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enternation:			international filing date (day	elmonth/year)	Priority data (day/month/year)	
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M&E BK)TECH	I A/S et al.				
1. This i	internat s transi	tional preliminary ex mitted to the applica	xamination report has been pr ant according to Article 36.	epared by this Inte	emational Preliminary Examining Autho	
2. This	REPOF	RT consists of a total	al of 7 sheets, including this c	over sheet.		
Ł	oen ar	nended and are the	anied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheet basis for this report and/or st on 607 of the Administrative in	eets containing re	n, claims and/or drawings which have actifications made before this Authority ne PCT).	
Thes	e enne	xes consist of a tot	al of 9 sheets.			
3. This	report o	contains indications	relating to the following items	:		
1	×	Basis of the report				
n		Priority				
181	X	Non-establishment	of opinion with regard to nove	ily, inventive step	and industrial applicability	
IV		Lack of unity of inv		_		
V	×	Reasoned stateme citations and expla	ent under Article 35(2) with reg mations suporting such staten	ard to novelly, invi ent	entive step or industrial applicability;	
VI		Certain document	a cited		·	
VII			the International application			
VIII	8	Certain observation	ns on the international applica	tion		
Date of su	brnission	of the demand		Date of completion of	this report	
22/08/20	000	,		24.08.2001		
		address of the interne	ational	Authorized officer		
preliminary examining authority:			23855 arram 4	Grosskopf, R	()	

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

International application No. PCT/DK00/002C

l.	Bat	Basis of the report							
1.	With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): Description, pages:								
	-1-9	7	-as enginally-filed						
	Cla	ims, No.:							
	1-6	8	as received on	27/04/2001	with letter of	27/04/2001			
	Dre	wings, sheets:							
	1/7	-7/7	as originally filed						
	Sec	quence listing par	t of the description, pages	:					
	1-5	1, as originally filed	I						
2.	lan	With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:							
		the language of a	translation furnished for the	purposes of the	international search	under Rule 23.1(b)).			
		• •	ublication of the internationa	•					
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the	purposes of inter	rnational preliminar	y examination (under Ru			
3.		With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:							
	Ø	contained in the Ir	temational application in wr	itten form.					
	X	filed together with	the international application	in computer read	iable form.				
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in writ	ten form.					
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in con	nputer readable f	orm.				
			t the subsequently furnished pplication as filed has been		e listing does not g	o beyond the disclosure			
		The statement the	t the information recorded in	computer reada	ble form is identical	to the written sequence			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/DK00/0020

		the description,	pages:					
		the claims,	Nos.:					
		the drawings,	sheets:					
5.			en established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been eyond the disclosure as filed (flule 70.2(c)):					
		(Any replacement s report.)	sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to the					
6.	Ada	ditional observations,	, if necessary:					
pi	. No	n-establishment of	opinion with regard to noveity, inventive step and industrial applicability					
1.	The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:							
		the entire internatio	nal application.					
	×	claims Nos. 1-32,53	3-56, 60-68.					
be	caus	se:						
	Ø	the said international applicability) relate to examination (specific see separate sheet						
	0	the description, clair that no meaningful o	ms or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear opinion could be formed (specify):					
	Ø	the claims, or said c meaningful opinion (laims Nos. 33-52, 57,58,65-68 are so inadequately supported by the description that necould be formed.					
		no international sea	rch report has been established for the said claims Nos					
2.	and/	eaningful internation: or amino acid seque ructions:	al preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the fallure of the nucleotide nce listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative					
			not been furnished or does not comply with the standard. Die form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.					

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;



International application No. PCT/DK00/002(

citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1-32, 53-56,59-64

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims 1-32, 53-56,59-64 Claims

No:

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 59

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether th claims are fully supported by the description, are made: see separate sheet



Ad item III, V and VIII:

The present application is based on the concept to introduce into an animal a modified IL5 molecule said molecule being modified in a manner which induces the production of antibodies against the (mature) IL5 in said animal thereby achieving a down-regulation of IL5 activity.

This concept is not disclosed in the prior art.

According to the Applicant the concept alone constitutes the invention whereas, as should be demonstrated by the additionally submitted literature, the means for carrying out said invention may be obtained by routine or standard procedures

Nevertheless, as far as all claims are concerned the (or an) essential feature is of course the modified IL5 which must not only be capable of inducing the production of antibodies but additionally in order to solve the underlying technical problem should down-regulate the interleukin 5 (IL5) activity.

With respect to the (independent) product claims this essential feature does not even form part of the claim.

The same applies for the composition claims which, moreover, do not comprise the "limiting" technical features of the product claim.

Thus, these claims (and consequently all other product claims) lack the essential feature and, in view of Applicant's submissions are not even longer characterised by the desired result to be achieved.

Thus, in the context of the alleged invention the relevance of these claims is unclear (this applies for Claims 33 and 34 but also for Claims 35 to 52 and 57 to 59 which relate thereto).

In addition, even the new features introduced into the product claim still render the determination of the scope of the claims difficult or impossible (which IL5 should be used as a reference to produce a "derivative" and which animal should be used? Which of the several "proposals" mentioned in the claims should a skilled person follow in order to prepare an "analogue"?).

Thus, an examination f accordingly characterised products is still impossible,

especially when considered in the light of the following observations which are also of relevance for the method claims.

Thus, even if it is accepted that the alleged invention is based on an "idea", it has to be notified that the claims are drafted much too broad.

Thus, with respect to all possible analogues which are proposed in the dependent method claims, a skilled person has no guidance which of said possibilities he or she should preferably follow. The analogues which actually have been prepared do not reflect in any reasonable manner the scope of the claims.

Moreover, when taking into account of the contents of the description, it is clear that even within the small number of iL5 analogues which have been prepared those which are in the position to induce antibodies do not necessarily down-regulate IL5 activity (see page 94), i.e. they are not suitable for the desired purpose.

In fact from the myriad of possible "potential" analogues the desired purpose seems to have been demonstrated only by one specific analogue.

Also the additionally submitted documents are not necessarily suitable to overcome these objections.

In fact, if it is or were that simple to produce analogues which induce autoimmunisation why then in the application can only be found one mutant which allegedly is capable of down-regulating IL5 activity?

This Authority is further not in the position to ignore several statements in the application itself which seem to support the view that the breadth of the claims is unjustified when considering the limited number of successful experiments.

In this context we only would like to refer to some passages e.g. page 91 ("this result is not a firm confirmation that the antisera cross-reacts..." let alone down-regulate IL5!) or page 92 lines 13 to 17 and especially page 94 lines 13 to 15.

All of these (and not only these) passages seem to confirm that the alleged "conceptual" invention is not sufficiently supported by convincing experimental evidence and, consequently, the scope of the claims (especially but not exclusively the product claims) is much too broad.

For the assessment of the present claims 1-32, 53-56 an 60-68 on the question



whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

Friday 27 f Apr 2001, PV&P 33639600

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Amended claims

- 1. A method for in vivo down-regulation of interleukin 5 (IL5) activity in an animal, including a human being, the method comprising effecting presentation to the animal's
- 5 immune system of an immunogenically effective amount of

at least one IL5 polypeptide autologous in the animal or a subsequence thereof which has been formulated so that immunization of the enimal with the autologous IL5 polypeptide or subsequence thereof induces production by the animal of antibodies against the IL5 polypeptide, and/or

- 10 at least one IL5 analogue wherein is introduced at least one modification in the amino acid sequence of the animal's autologous IL5 polypeptide which has as a result that immunization of the animal with the analogue induces production of antibodies in the animal against the animal's autologous IL5 polypeptide.
- 15 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein is presented an IL5 analogue with at least one modification of the IL5 emino acid sequence.
 - 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the modification has as a result that a substantial fraction of iL5 B-cell epitopes are preserved and that
- 20 at least one foreign T helper lymphocyte epitope (TH epilope) is introduced, and/or
 - at least one first moiety is introduced which effects targeting of the modified molecule to an antigen presenting cell (APC) or a B-lymphocyte, and/or
 - at least one second moiety is introduced which stimulates the immune system,
 and/or
- 25 at least one third molety is introduced which optimizes presentation of the modified IL5 polypeptide to the immune system.
- 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the modification includes introduction as side groups, by covalent or non-covalent binding to suitable chemical groups in IL5 or a subsequence thereof, of the foreign T_H epitope and/or of the first and/or of the second and/or of the third molety.
 - 5. The method according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the modification includes amino acid substitution and/or deletion and/or insertion and/or addition.
 - 6. The method according to claim 5, wherein the modification results in the provision of a fusion polypeptide.

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7. The method according to claim 5 or 8, wherein introduction of the amino acid substitution and/or deletion and/or insertion and/or addition results in a substantial preservation of the overall tertiary structure of iL5.

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- 8. The method according to any one of claims 2-7, wherein the modification includes duplication of at least one ILS B-cell epitope and/or introduction of a hapten.
- The method according to any one of claims 3-8, wherein the foreign T-cell epitope is
 Immunodominant in the animal.
 - 10. The method according to any one of claims 3-9, wherein the foreign T-cell epitope is promiscuous.
- 15 11. The method according to claim 10, wherein the at least one foreign T-cell epitope is selected from a natural promiscuous T-cell epitope and an artificial MHC-II binding peptide sequence.
- 12. The method according to claim 11, wherein the natural T-cell epitope is selected from
 20 a Tetanus toxoid epitope such as P2 or P30, a diphtheria toxoid epitope, an influenza virus hemagluttinin epitope, and a P. falciparum CS epitope.
- 13. The method according to any one of claims 3-12, wherein the first molety is a substantially specific binding partner for a B-lymphocyte specific surface antigen or for an
 25 APC specific surface antigen, such as a hapten or a carbohydrate for which there is a receptor on the B-lymphocyte or the APC.
 - 14. The method according to any one of claims 3-13, wherein the second moiety is selected from a cytokine, a hormone, and a heat-shock protein.
 - 15. The method according to claim 6, wherein the cytokine is selected from, or is an effective part of, interferon y (IFN-y), Flt3L, interieukin 1 (IL-1), interleukin 2 (IL-2), interleukin 4 (IL-4), interieukin 6 (IL-8), interieukin 12 (IL-12), interleukin 13 (IL-13), interieukin 15 (IL-15), and granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), and the
- 35 heat-shock protein is selected from, or is an effective part of any of, HSP70, HSP90. HSC70, GRP94, and calreticulin (CRT).

- 16. The method according to any one of claims 3-15, wherein the third moiety is of lipid nature, such as a palmitoyl group, a myristyl group, a farnesyl group, a geranyl-geranyl group, a GPI-anchor, and an N-acyl dighyceride group.
- 5 17. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the IL5 polypeptide has been modified in at least one of loops 1-3 or in the amino acid residues. C-terminal to helix D, said loops and said helix D corresponding to those shown in Fig. 3 for human and murine IL5.
- 10 16. The method according to claim 17, wherein the IL6 polypeptide is a human IL5 polypeptide.
- 19. The method according to claim 18, wherein the human IL5 polypeptide has been modified by substituting at least one amino acid sequence in SEQ ID NO; 1 with at least one amino acid sequence of equal or different length thereby giving rise to a foreign T_H epitope, wherein substituted amino acid residues are selected from the group consisting of residues 87-90, residues 88-91, residues 32-43, residues 33-43, residues 59-64, residues 86-91, and residues 110-113.
- 20 20. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein presentation to the immune system is effected by having at least two copies of the iL5 polypeptide, the subsequence thereof or the modified IL5 polypeptide covalently of non-covalently finked to a carrier molecule capable of effecting presentation of multiple copies of antigenic determinants.
 - 21. The method according to any the preceding claims, wherein the IL5 polypeptide, the subsequence thereof, or the modified IL5 polypeptide has been formulated with an adjuvant which facilitates breaking of autotolerance to autoantigens.
- 30 22. The method according to claim 21, wherein the adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of an immune targeting adjuvant; an immune modulating adjuvant such as a toxin, a cytokine and a mycobacterial derivative; an oil formulation; a polymer; a micelle forming adjuvant; a sepontn; an immunostimulating complex matrix (an ISCOM matrix); a particle; DDA; aluminium adjuvanta; DNA adjuvants; γ-inutin; and an encapsulating adjuvant.

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- 23. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein an effective amount of the IL5 polypeptide or the IL5 analogue is administered to the animal via a route selected from the parenteral route such as the intradermal, the subdennal, the intracutaneous, the subcutaneous, and the intramuscular routes; the peritoneal route; the oral route; the buccal route; the sublingual route; the epidural route; the spinal route; the anal route; and the intracranial route.
 - 24. The method according to claim 23, wherein the effective amount is between 0.5 µg and 2,000 µg of the iL5 polypeptide, the subsequence thereof or the analogue thereof.
 - 25. The method according to claim 23 or 24, which includes at least one administration of the IL5 polypeptide or analogue per year, such as at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 8, and at least 12 administrations per year.
- 15 28. The method according to any one of claims 23-25, wherein the ILS polypeptide or analogue is contained in a virtual lymph node (VLN) device.
- 27. The method according to any one of claims 1-20, wherein presentation of modified IL5 to the immune system is effected by introducing nucleic acid(s) encoding the modified IL5 into the animal's cells and thereby obtaining in vivo expression by the cells of the nucleic acid(s) introduced.
- 28. The method according to claim 27, wherein the nucleic acid(s) introduced is/are selected from naixed DNA, DNA formulated with charged or uncharged lipids, DNA formulated in liposomes, DNA included in a viral vector, DNA formulated with a transfection-facilitating protein or polypeptide, DNA formulated with a targeting protein or polypeptide, DNA formulated with Calcium precipitating agents, DNA coupled to an inert carrier molecule, DNA encapsulated in chitin or chitosan, and DNA formulated with an actional such as the adjuvants defined in claim 22.
 - 29. The method according to claim 27 or 28, wherein the nucleic acids are administered intrasterially, intravaneously, or by the routes defined in claim 23.
- 30. The method according to claim 28 or 29, wherein the nucleic acid(s) is/are contained 35 in a VLN device.

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- 31. The method according to any one of claims 28-30, which includes at least one administration of the nucleic acids per year, such as at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 6, and at least 12 administrations per year
- 5 32. A method for treating and/or preventing and/or ameliorating asthma or other chronic allergic conditions characterized by eosinophilia, the method comprising down-regulating ILS activity according to the method of any one of claims 1-31 to such an extent that the number of eosinophil cells, either systemically or locally at the disease focus, is significantly reduced, such as a reduction of at least 20%.
- 33. An IL5 analogue which is derived from an animal iL5 polypeptide wherein is introduced a modification which has as a result that immunization of the animal with the analogue induces production of antibodies against the IL5 polypeptide, and wherein the modification involves amino acid substitution and/or insertion and/or deletion to any one of 15 loops 1-3 or C-terminally to helix D in IL5.
 - 34. An IL5 analogue according to claim 33, wherein the modification is as defined in any one of claims 2-20.
- 35. An immunogenic composition comprising an immunogenically effective amount of an IL5 polypeptide autologous in an animal, said IL5 polypeptide being formulated together with an immunologically acceptable adjuvant so as to break the animal's autotolerance towards the IL5 polypeptide, the composition further comprising a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle.
 - 36. An immunogenic composition comprising an immunogenically effective amount of an IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34, the composition further comprising a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle and optionally an adjuvant.
 - 37. An immunogenic composition according to Claim 35 or 36, wherein the adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of the adjuvants of claim 22.
 - 38. A nucleic acid fragment which encodes an IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34.
 - 39. A vector carrying the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38.

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- 40. The vector according to claim 39 which is capable of autonomous replication.
- 41. The vector according to claim 39 or 40 which is selected from the group consisting of a plasmid, a phage, a cosmid, a mini-chromosome, and a virus.
- 42. The vector according to any one of claims 39-41, comprising, in the 5'→3' direction and in operable linkage, a promoter for driving expression of the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38, optionally a nucleic acid sequence encoding a leader peptide enabling secretion of or integration into the membrane of the polypeptide fragment, the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38, and optionally a terminator.
 - 43. The vector according to any one of claims 39-42 which, when introduced into a host cell, is integrated in the host cell genome.
- 15 44. The vector according to any one of claims 39-42 which, when introduced into a host cell, is not capable of being integrated in the host cell genome.
 - 45. The vector according to any one of claims 39-44, wherein the promoter drives expression in a eukaryotic cell and/or in a prokaryotic cell.
 - 46. A transformed cell carrying the vector of any one of claims 39-45.
 - 47. The transformed ceil according to claim 46 which is capable of replicating the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38.
 - 48. The transformed cell according to claim 47, which is a microorganism selected from a bacterium, a yeast, a protozoan, or a cell derived from a multicellular organism selected from a fungus, an insect cell such as an S₂ or an SF cell, a plant cell, and a mammalian cell.
 - 49. The transformed cell according to claim 48 which is a bacterium of the genus Escherichia, Bacillus, Saimonella, or Mycobacterium.
- 50. The transformed cell according to claim 52, which is selected from the group consisting of an E. coll cell, and a non-pathogenic Mycobacterium cell such as M. bovis BCG.

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- 51. The transformed cell according to any one of claims 48-50, which expresses the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38.
- 52. The transformed cell according to claim 55, which secretes or carries on its surface, 5 the IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34.
- 53. The method according to any one of claims 1-20, wherein presentation to the immune system is effected by administering a non-pathogenic microorganism or virus which is carrying a nucleic acid fragment which encodes and expresses the IL5 polypeptide or analogue.
 - 54. The method according to claim 53, wherein the virus is a non-virulent pox virus such as a vaccinia virus.
- 15 55. The method according to claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a bacterium, such as a bacterium defined in claim 49 or 50.
 - 56. The method according to any one of claims 53-55, wherein the non-pathogenic microorganism or virus is administered one single time to the animal.

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- 57. A composition for inducing production of antibodies against iL5, the composition comprising
- a nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38 or a vector according to any one of claims 39-45, and
- 25 a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle and/or adjuvant.
 - 58. The composition according to claim 57, wherein the nucleic acid fragment is formulated according to claim 28 or 30.

- 59. A stable cell line which carries the vector according to any one of claims 39-45 and which expresses the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38, and which optionally secretes or carries the IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34 on its surface.
- 35 60. A method for the preparation of the cell according to any on of claims 46-52, the method comprising transforming a host cell with the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38 or with the vector according to any one of claims 39-45.

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61. A method for the identification of a modified IL5 polypeptide which is capable of inducing antibodies against unmodified IL5 in an animal species where the unmodified IL5 polypeptide is a self-protein, the method comprising

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- preparing, by means of peptide synthesis or genetic engineering techniques, a set of mutually distinct modified it.5 polypeptides wherein amino acids have been added to, inserted in, deleted from, or substituted into the amino acid sequence of an it.5 polypeptide of the animal species thereby giving rise to amino acid sequences in the set which comprise T-cell epitopes which are foreign to the animal species, or preparing a set of nucleic acid fragments encoding the set of mutually distinct modified it.5 polypeptides,
- testing members of the set for their ability to induce production of antibodies by the animal species against the unmodified IL5, and
- identifying and optionally isolating the member(s) of the set which significantly induces antibody production against unmodified IL5 in the animal species, or identifying and optionally isolating the polypeptide expression products encoded by embers of the set of nucleic acid fragments which significantly induces antibody production against unmodified IL5 in the animal species.

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62. A method for the preparation of an immunogenic composition comprising at least one modified IL5 polypeptide which is capable of inducing antibodies against unmodified IL5 in an animal species where the unmodified IL5 polypeptide is a self-protein, the method comprising

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- preparing, by means of peptide synthesis or genetic engineering techniques, a set of mutually distinct modified ILS polypeptides wherein amino acids have been added to, inserted in, deleted from, or substituted into the amino acid sequence of an ILS polypeptide of the animal species thereby giving rise to amino acid sequences in the set comprising T-cell epitopes which are foreign to the animal.
- testing members of the set for their ability to induce production of antibodies by the animal species against the unmodified it.5, and
- admixing the member(s) of the set which significantly induces production of antibodies in the animal species which are reactive with IL5 with a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle, optionally in combination with at least one pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable adjuvant.

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- 63. The method according to claim 61 or 62, wherein preparation of the members of the set comprises preparation of mutually distinct nucleic acid sequences, each sequence being a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 38, insertion of the nucleic acid sequences into appropriate expression vectors, transformation of suitable host cells with the vectors, and expression of the nucleic acid sequences, optionally followed by isolation of the expression products.
- 64. The method according to claim 63, wherein the preparation of the nucleic acid sequences and/or the vectors is achieved by the aid of a molecular amplification technique such as PCR, or by the aid of nucleic acid synthesis.
 - 65. Use of IL5 or a subsequence thereof for the preparation of an immunogenic composition comprising an adjuvant for down-regulating IL5 activity in an animal.
 - 66. Use of IL5 or a subsequence thereof for the preparation of an immunogenic composition comprising an adjuvant for the treatment, prophylaxis or amelioration of asthma or other chronic altergic conditions.
- 20 67. Use of an IL5 analogue for the preparation of an immunogenic composition optionally comprising an adjuvant for down-regulating IL5 activity in an animal.
- 66. Use of an IL5 analogue for the preparation of an immunogenic composition optionally comprising an adjuvant for the treatment, prophylaxis or amelioration of asthma or other
 25 chronic allergic conditions.

CLAIMS

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A method for in vivo down-regulation of interleukin 5 (IL5) activity in an animal, including a human being, the method
 comprising effecting presentation to the animal's immune system of an immunogenically effective amount of

- at least one IL5 polypeptide or subsequence thereof which has been formulated so that immunization of the animal with the IL5 polypeptide or subsequence thereof induces production of antibodies against the IL5 polypeptide, and/or
- at least one IL5 analogue wherein is introduced at least one modification in the IL5 amino acid sequence which has as a result that immunization of the animal with the analogue induces production of antibodies against the IL5 polypeptide.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein is presented an IL5 analogue with at least one modification of the IL5 amino 20 acid sequence.
 - 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the modification has as a result that a substantial fraction of IL5 B-cell epitopes are preserved and that
- 25 at least one foreign T helper lymphocyte epitope (T_H epitope) is introduced, and/or
 - at least one first moiety is introduced which effects targeting of the modified molecule to an antigen presenting cell (APC) or a B-lymphocyte, and/or
- 30 at least one second moiety is introduced which stimulates the immune system, and/or
 - at least one third moiety is introduced which optimizes presentation of the modified IL5 polypeptide to the immune system.
 - 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the modification includes introduction as side groups, by covalent or non-covalent binding to suitable chemical groups in IL5 or a subse-

quence thereof, of the foreign T_{H} epitope and/or of the first and/or of the second and/or of the third moiety.

- 5. The method according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the modifica-5 tion includes amino acid substitution and/or deletion and/or insertion and/or addition.
 - 6. The method according to claim 5, wherein the modification results in the provision of a fusion polypeptide.
- 7. The method according to claim 5 or 6, wherein introduction of the amino acid substitution and/or deletion and/or insertion and/or addition results in a substantial preservation of the overall tertiary structure of IL5.
- 8. The method according to any one of claims 2-7, wherein the modification includes duplication of at least one IL5 B-cell epitope and/or introduction of a hapten.
- 20 9. The method according to any one of claims 3-8, wherein the foreign T-cell epitope is immunodominant in the animal.
 - 10. The method according to any one of claims 3-9, wherein the foreign T-cell epitope is promiscuous.
- 11. The method according to claim 10, wherein the at least one foreign T-cell epitope is selected from a natural promiscuous T-cell epitope and an artificial MHC-II binding peptide sequence.
 - 12. The method according to claim 11, wherein the natural T-cell epitope is selected from a Tetanus toxoid epitope such as P2 or P30, a diphtheria toxoid epitope, an influenza virus hemagluttinin epitope, and a P. falciparum CS epitope.
- 13. The method according to any one of claims 3-12, wherein the first moiety is a substantially specific binding partner for a B-lymphocyte specific surface antigen or for an APC spe-

cific surface antigen, such as a hapten or a carbohydrate for which there is a receptor on the B-lymphocyte or the APC.

- 14. The method according to any one of claims 3-13, wherein 5 the second moiety is selected from a cytokine, a hormone, and a heat-shock protein.
- 15. The method according to claim 6, wherein the cytokine is selected from, or is an effective part of, interferon γ (IFN-10 γ), Flt3L, interleukin 1 (IL-1), interleukin 2 (IL-2), interleukin 4 (IL-4), interleukin 6 (IL-6), interleukin 12 (IL-12), interleukin 13 (IL-13), interleukin 15 (IL-15), and granulo-cyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), and the heat-shock protein is selected from, or is an effective part of any of, HSP70, HSP90, HSC70, GRP94, and calreticulin (CRT).
- 16. The method according to any one of claims 3-15, wherein the third moiety is of lipid nature, such as a palmitoyl group, a myristyl group, a farnesyl group, a geranyl-geranyl group, a GPI-anchor, and an N-acyl diglyceride group.
- 17. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the IL5 polypeptide has been modified in at least one of loops 1-3 or in the amino acid residues C-terminal to helix 25 D, said loops and said helix D corresponding to those shown in Fig. 3 for human and murine IL5.
 - 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the IL5 polypeptide is a human IL5 polypeptide.
- 19. The method according to claim 18, wherein the human IL5 polypeptide has been modified by substituting at least one amino acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 1 with at least one amino acid sequence of equal or different length thereby giving rise to a foreign T_H epitope, wherein substituted amino acid residues are selected from the group consisting of residues 87-90, residues 88-91, residues 32-43, residues 33-43, residues 59-64, residues 86-91, and residues 110-113.

- 20. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein presentation to the immune system is effected by having at least two copies of the IL5 polypeptide, the subsequence thereof or the modified IL5 polypeptide covalently of non-covalently linked to a carrier molecule capable of effecting presentation of multiple copies of antigenic determinants.
- 10 21. The method according to any the preceding claims, wherein the IL5 polypeptide, the subsequence thereof, or the modified IL5 polypeptide has been formulated with an adjuvant which facilitates breaking of autotolerance to autoantigens.
- 15 22. The method according to claim 21, wherein the adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of an immune targeting adjuvant; an immune modulating adjuvant such as a toxin, a cytokine and a mycobacterial derivative; an oil formulation; a polymer; a micelle forming adjuvant; a saponin; an immu-
- 20 nostimulating complex matrix (an ISCOM matrix); a particle; DDA; aluminium adjuvants; DNA adjuvants; γ -inulin; and an encapsulating adjuvant.
- 23. The method according to any one of the preceding claims,
 25 wherein an effective amount of the IL5 polypeptide or the IL5
 analogue is administered to the animal via a route selected
 from the parenteral route such as the intradermal, the subdermal, the intracutaneous, the subcutaneous, and the intramuscular routes; the peritoneal route; the oral route; the buccal
- 30 route; the sublinqual route; the epidural route; the spinal route; the anal route; and the intracranial route.
- 24. The method according to claim 23, wherein the effective amount is between 0.5 μg and 2,000 μg of the IL5 polypeptide, 35 the subsequence thereof or the analogue thereof.
 - 25. The method according to claim 23 or 24, which includes at least one administration of the IL5 polypeptide or analogue

per year, such as at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 6, and at least 12 administrations per year.

- 26. The method according to any one of claims 23-25, wherein 5 the IL5 polypeptide or analogue is contained in a virtual lymph node (VLN) device.
- 27. The method according to any one of claims 1-20, wherein presentation of modified IL5 to the immune system is effected 10 by introducing nucleic acid(s) encoding the modified IL5 into the animal's cells and thereby obtaining in vivo expression by the cells of the nucleic acid(s) introduced.
- 28. The method according to claim 27, wherein the nucleic acid(s) introduced is/are selected from naked DNA, DNA formulated with charged or uncharged lipids, DNA formulated in liposomes, DNA included in a viral vector, DNA formulated with a transfection-facilitating protein or polypeptide, DNA formulated with a targeting protein or polypeptide, DNA formulated with Calcium precipitating agents, DNA coupled to an inert carrier molecule, DNA encapsulated in chitin or chitosan, and DNA formulated with an adjuvant such as the adjuvants defined in claim 22.
- 25 29. The method according to claim 27 or 28, wherein the nucleic acids are administered intraarterially, intraveneously, or by the routes defined in claim 23.
- 30. The method according to claim 28 or 29, wherein the nu-30 cleic acid(s) is/are contained in a VLN device.
- 31. The method according to any one of claims 28-30, which includes at least one administration of the nucleic acids per year, such as at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 6, 35 and at least 12 administrations per year
 - 32. A method for treating and/or preventing and/or ameliorating asthma or other chronic allergic conditions characterized

by eosinophilia, the method comprising down-regulating IL5 activity according to the method of any one of claims 1-31 to such an extent that the number of eosinophil cells, either systemically or locally at the disease focus, is significantly reduced, such as a reduction of at least 20%.

- 33. An IL5 analogue which is derived from an animal IL5 polypeptide wherein is introduced a modification which has as a
 result that immunization of the animal with the analogue induces production of antibodies against the IL5 polypeptide.
 - 34. An IL5 analogue according to claim 33, wherein the modification is as defined in any one of claims 1-22.
- 15 35. An immunogenic composition comprising an immunogenically effective amount of an IL5 polypeptide autologous in an animal, said IL5 polypeptide being formulated together with an immunologically acceptable adjuvant so as to break the animal's autotolerance towards the IL5 polypeptide, the composition further comprising a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle.
- 36. An immunogenic composition comprising an immunogenically effective amount of an IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34, the composition further comprising a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle and optionally an adjuvant.
- 37. An immunogenic composition according to Claim 35 or 36, 30 wherein the adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of the adjuvants of claim 22.
 - 38. A nucleic acid fragment which encodes an IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34.
- 35. A vector carrying the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38.

- 40. The vector according to claim 39 which is capable of autonomous replication.
- 41. The vector according to claim 39 or 40 which is selected 5 from the group consisting of a plasmid, a phage, a cosmid, a mini-chromosome, and a virus.
- 42. The vector according to any one of claims 39-41, comprising, in the 5'→3' direction and in operable linkage, a promoter for driving expression of the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38, optionally a nucleic acid sequence encoding a leader peptide enabling secretion of or integration into the membrane of the polypeptide fragment, the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38, and optionally a terminator.
 - 43. The vector according to any one of claims 39-42 which, when introduced into a host cell, is integrated in the host cell genome.
- 44. The vector according to any one of claims 39-42 which, when introduced into a host cell, is not capable of being integrated in the host cell genome.
- 25 45. The vector according to any one of claims 39-44, wherein the promoter drives expression in a eukaryotic cell and/or in a prokaryotic cell.
- 46. A transformed cell carrying the vector of any one of 30 claims 39-45.
 - 47. The transformed cell according to claim 46 which is capable of replicating the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38.
 - 48. The transformed cell according to claim 47, which is a microorganism selected from a bacterium, a yeast, a protozoan, or a cell derived from a multicellular organism selected from

a fungus, an insect cell such as an S_2 or an SF cell, a plant cell, and a mammalian cell.

- 49. The transformed cell according to claim 48 which is a bac-5 terium of the genus Escherichia, Bacillus, Salmonella, or My-cobacterium.
- 50. The transformed cell according to claim 52, which is selected from the group consisting of an *E. coli* cell, and a non-pathogenic *Mycobacterium* cell such as *M. bovis* BCG.
 - 51. The transformed cell according to any one of claims 46-50, which expresses the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38.
- 52. The transformed cell according to claim 55, which secretes or carries on its surface, the IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34.
- 20 53. The method according to any one of claims 1-20, wherein presentation to the immune system is effected by administering a non-pathogenic microorganism or virus which is carrying a nucleic acid fragment which encodes and expresses the IL5 polypeptide or analogue.
 - 54. The method according to claim 53, wherein the virus is a non-virulent pox virus such as a vaccinia virus.
- 55. The method according to claim 54, wherein the microorga-30 nism is a bacterium, such as a bacterium defined in claim 49 or 50.
- 56. The method according to any one of claims 53-55, wherein the non-pathogenic microorganism or virus is administered one 35 single time to the animal.
 - 57. A composition for inducing production of antibodies against IL5, the composition comprising

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- a nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38 or a vector according to any one of claims 39-45, and
- a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle and/or adjuvant.
- 58. The composition according to claim 57, wherein the nucleic acid fragment is formulated according to claim 28 or 30.
- 59. A stable cell line which carries the vector according to
 10 any one of claims 39-45 and which expresses the nucleic acid
 fragment according to claim 38, and which optionally secretes
 or carries the IL5 analogue according to claim 33 or 34 on its
 surface.
- 15 60. A method for the preparation of the cell according to any one of claims 46-52, the method comprising transforming a host cell with the nucleic acid fragment according to claim 38 or with the vector according to any one of claims 39-45.
- 20 61. A method for the identification of a modified IL5 polypeptide which is capable of inducing antibodies against unmodified IL5 in an animal species where the unmodified IL5 polypeptide is a self-protein, the method comprising
- preparing, by means of peptide synthesis or genetic engineering techniques, a set of mutually distinct modified IL5 polypeptides wherein amino acids have been added to, inserted in, deleted from, or substituted into the amino acid sequence of an IL5 polypeptide of the animal species thereby giving rise to amino acid sequences in the set which comprise T-cell epitopes which are foreign to the animal species, or preparing a set of nucleic acid fragments encoding the set of mutually distinct modified IL5
- polypeptides,

 testing members of the set for their ability to induce production of antibodies by the animal species against the unmodified IL5, and

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- identifying and optionally isolating the member(s) of the set which significantly induces antibody production against unmodified IL5 in the animal species, or identifying and optionally isolating the polypeptide expression products encoded by embers of the set of nucleic acid fragments which significantly induces antibody production against unmodified IL5 in the animal species.
- 62. A method for the preparation of an immunogenic composition comprising at least one modified IL5 polypeptide which is capable of inducing antibodies against unmodified IL5 in an animal species where the unmodified IL5 polypeptide is a self-protein, the method comprising
- 15 preparing, by means of peptide synthesis or genetic engineering techniques, a set of mutually distinct modified IL5 polypeptides wherein amino acids have been added to, inserted in, deleted from, or substituted into the amino acid sequence of an IL5 polypeptide of the animal species thereby giving rise to amino acid sequences in the set comprising T-cell epitopes which are foreign to the animal,
 - testing members of the set for their ability to induce production of antibodies by the animal species against the unmodified IL5, and
 - admixing the member(s) of the set which significantly induces production of antibodies in the animal species which are reactive with IL5 with a pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable carrier and/or vehicle, optionally in combination with at least one pharmaceutically and immunologically acceptable adjuvant.
- 63. The method according to claim 61 or 62, wherein preparation of the members of the set comprises preparation of mutually distinct nucleic acid sequences, each sequence being a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 38, insertion of the nucleic acid sequences into appropriate expression vectors, transformation of suitable host cells with the vectors, and

expression of the nucleic acid sequences, optionally followed by isolation of the expression products.

- 64. The method according to claim 63, wherein the preparation 5 of the nucleic acid sequences and/or the vectors is achieved by the aid of a molecular amplification technique such as PCR, or by the aid of nucleic acid synthesis.
- 65. Use of IL5 or a subsequence thereof for the preparation of 10 an immunogenic composition comprising an adjuvant for down-regulating IL5 activity in an animal.
- 66. Use of IL5 or a subsequence thereof for the preparation of an immunogenic composition comprising an adjuvant for the15 treatment, prophylaxis or amelioration of asthma or other chronic allergic conditions.
- 67. Use of an IL5 analogue for the preparation of an immunogenic composition optionally comprising an adjuvant for down20 regulating IL5 activity in an animal.
- 68. Use of an IL5 analogue for the preparation of an immunogenic composition optionally comprising an adjuvant for the treatment, prophylaxis or amelioration of asthma or other chronic allergic conditions.

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20 Leu-Ser-Thr- Ala	40 His-Lys-Asn-	60 31n-Thr-Val-	80 Iyr-Ile-Asp-	100 Asp-Tyr-Leu-	
10 20 Ile-Pro-Thr-Glu-Ile-Pro-Thr-Ser-Ala-Leu-Val-Lys-Glu-Thr-Leu-Ala-Leu-Leu-Ser-Thr- * * Met Met Thr Val Thr Ala	30 His-Arg-Thr-Leu-Leu-Ile-Ala-Asn-Glu-Thr-Leu-Arg-Ile-Pro-Val-Pro-Val-His-Lys-Asn-Ala Ala Thr Ser Met Leu	His-Gln-Leu-Cys-Thr-Glu-Glu-Ile-Phe-Gln-Gly-Ile-Gly-Thr-Leu-Glu-Ser-Gln-Thr-Val-Ile Gly Ile Gly	70 Gln-Gly-Gly-Thr-Val-Glu-Arg-Leu-Phe-Lys-Asn-Leu-Ser-Leu-Ile-Lys-Tyr-Ile-Asp- Arg	90 Gly-Gln-Lys-Lys-Lys-Cys-Gly-Glu-Glu-Arg-Arg-Arg-Val-Asn-Gln-Phe-Leu-Asp-Tyr-Leu- Arg Glu	110 Gln-Glu-Phe-Leu-Gly-Val-Met-Asn-Thr-Glu-Trp-Ile-Ile-Glu-Ser Ser Ala Met Gly

Fig.

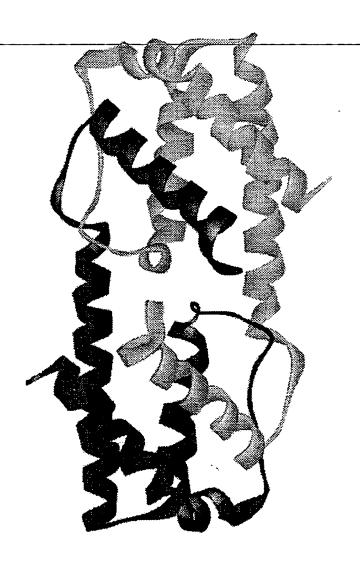


Fig. 2A

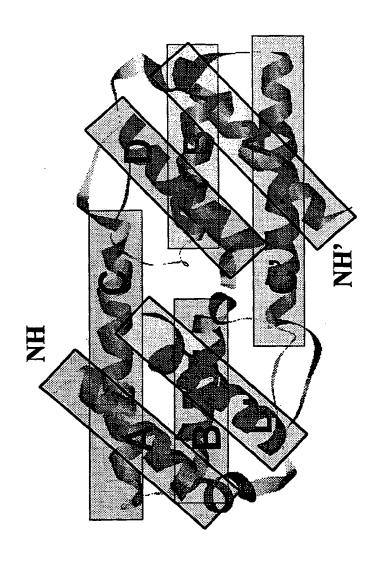


Fig. 2B

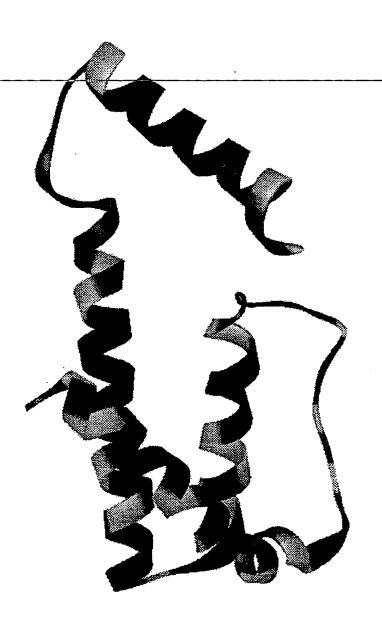


Fig. 2C

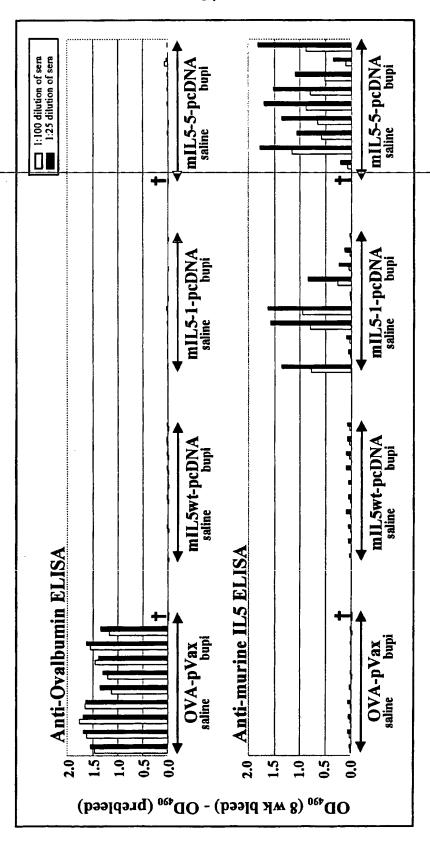


Fig. 4

